

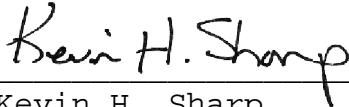
U.S. 527, 535 (1981).

An inmate's expectation of obtaining or retaining a particular job assignment has not been recognized as a property or liberty interest protected by the Due Process Clause of the Constitution. Dellis v. Corrections Corporation of America, 257 F.3d 508,511 (6th Cir.2001). Therefore, the Constitution does not provide the plaintiffs with an independent right to obtain or keep a particular work assignment.

Moreover, inmate grievance procedures are not mandated by the Constitution. Antonelli v. Sheahan, 81 F.3d 1422,1430-1431 (7th Cir.1996); Adams v. Rice, 40 F.3d 72,75 (4th Cir.1994). Thus, the adequacy of a particular grievance procedure does not rise to the level of a constitutional tort.

Lacking conduct rising to the level of a constitutional violation, the plaintiffs are unable to prove every element of their cause of action. They have, therefore, failed to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. Under such circumstances, the Court is obliged to dismiss the instant action *sua sponte*. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2).

An appropriate will be entered.



Kevin H. Sharp
Chief District Judge